



Europäisches Patentamt
European Patent Office
Office européen des brevets



(11) **EP 1 283 183 A1**

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
12.02.2003 Bulletin 2003/07

(51) Int Cl.7: **B65G 47/14**

(21) Application number: **02016192.3**

(22) Date of filing: **22.07.2002**

(84) Designated Contracting States:
**AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR
IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE SK TR**
Designated Extension States:
AL LT LV MK RO SI

(72) Inventor: **Redaelli, Marco**
20060 Cassina De Pecchi (MI) (IT)

(74) Representative: **Faraggiana, Vittorio, Dr. Ing.**
Ingg. Guzzi & Ravizza S.r.l.
Via Vincenzo Monti 8
20123 Milano (IT)

(30) Priority: **07.08.2001 IT MI20011736**

(71) Applicant: **EUROSICMA S.r.l.**
I-20125 Milano (IT)

(54) Machine to orderly feeding of lollipops

(57) A machine for feeding in an orderly row products consisting of drop lollipops to a packaging machine comprises a hopper (13) dumping the products onto a rotating disk (18) having radially arranged cavities (23) spaced for each to receive the drop of a lollipop and with radial opening (24) to receive and cause to project outward the sticks of the lollipops in the cavities.

Between zones of insertion of the products into the cavities and an outlet zone (31) there are on the outside of the disk guides (36,37) for running support of the products by means of the stick and the cavities are open below so that the products without sticks fall from the respective cavity to free it and are rejected before reaching the outlet zone.

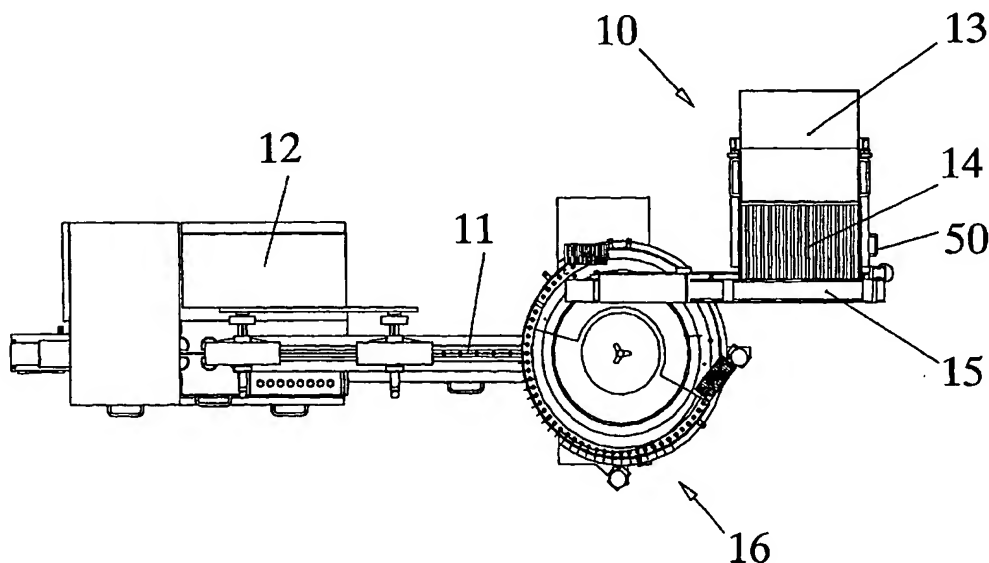


Fig.1

EP 1 283 183 A1

Description

[0001] The present invention relates to a machine for the orderly supply of confectionery of the drop lollipop type.

[0002] In the automatic packaging of products to form belts of products it is essential that the feeding of products to the packaging machine be perfectly regular. In the case of products of the lollipop type it is also quite as essential that defective products without the stick or sticks without the candy be rejected before packaging and without leaving empty positions in the supplied line. This makes automatic feeding particularly difficult in general for lollipop type products and in particular for the type with a sweet in the form of a drop, manual feeding is preferred.

[0003] The general purpose of the present invention is to remedy the above mentioned shortcomings by making available an automatic machine for the feeding of drop lollipops which would ensure regular feeding of the product with precautionary rejection of defective products.

[0004] In view of this purpose it was sought to provide in accordance with the present invention a machine for feeding in an orderly row products consisting of drop lollipops to a packaging machine comprising a hopper dumping the products onto a rotating disk having radially arranged cavities spaced for each to receive the drop of a lollipop and with radial opening to receive and cause to project outward the sticks of the lollipops in the cavities with there being between zones of insertion of the products into the cavities and an outlet zone on the outside of the disk guides for running support of the products by means of the stick and the cavities being open below so that the products without sticks fall from the respective cavity to free it and are rejected before reaching the outlet zone.

[0005] To clarify the explanation of the innovative principles of the present invention and its advantages compared with the prior art there is described below with the aid of the annexed drawings a possible embodiment thereof by way of non-limiting example applying said principles. In the drawings -

FIG 1 shows a diagrammatic plan view of the feeding machine associated with a packaging machine, FIG 2 shows a side elevation view of the machine of FIG 1,

FIG 3 shows an enlarged plan view of a sorting part of the machine of FIG 1,

FIG 4 shows a partial perspective view of the part of FIG 3,

FIG 5 shows a partial perspective view of an outlet zone for ordered products,

FIG 6 shows a diagrammatic cross section view along plane of cut VI-VI of FIG 3, and

FIG 7 shows a diagrammatic cross section along plane of cut VII-VII of FIG 3.

[0006] With reference to the FIGS, FIG 1 shows a feeding machine designated as a whole by reference number 10 realized in accordance with the principles of the present invention. The machine has an outlet conveyor 11 on which run the products in an orderly row to feed a packaging machine 12 of the flowpack type of the prior art and therefore not further described nor shown from which the products exit packed in a continuous strip.

[0007] The feeder 10 comprises a filling hopper 13 where the product consisting of spherical lollipops is loaded haphazardly. From the hopper the products fall onto a vibrating table 14 consisting of a structure made of parallel stainless steel tubes arranged longitudinally to the direction of advance of the product and which are positioned with an appropriate pitch less than the diameter of the spheres of the lollipops by enough for passage of the sticks. In this manner sticks without candy fall through the tubes and are collected in a tray 50.

[0008] The products which reach the end of the vibrating table 14 fall onto a feeding conveyor belt 15 which conveys them to a rotating disk sorting device 16 shown in greater detail on FIG 3.

[0009] The sorting device 16 comprises a central tapered disk 17 and a peripheral disk or rim 18 for conveyance. The rim rotates in the direction of conveyance between the arrival zones of the products falling from the conveyor 15 and the deposit zone on the radial outlet conveyor 11. The central disk 17 rotates in the opposite direction. This facilitates distribution of the product long the entire periphery of the conveyor disk. The external disk 18 has cavities 23 which represent the seats in which is received the candy of the lollipops. Each cavity has a radial opening 24 directed toward the exterior of the disk and from which projects the stick of the lollipop received in the cavity.

[0010] The products are dumped onto the disk in two spaced zones 19, 20. Near the two zones (downstream of the disk conveyor path) there are two rotating brushes 21, 22 arranged on the edge of the disk to facilitate loading of the products into the cavities. A bulkhead 45 separates dump zones and conveyance zone toward the outlet.

[0011] The two dump zones realize two storage units which facilitate filling of the cavities. Sensors 25, 26 detect the quantity of products in the two zones and call down product when it begins to be scarce. To do this the machine comprises means of regulation of the quantity of product fed into said zones which are controlled by the sensors to hold said quantity above a predetermined minimum. The first zone 19 is replenished by increase in vibration of the hopper in such a manner that a larger number of products reaches the end of the conveyor 15. The second zone 20 is fed by the operation of an air blowing device 27 which deflects the product onto the chute to make it fall from the side opening 28.

[0012] Once the product is inserted with the candy in a cavity, appropriate guides 29, 30 orient the stick to

have it accommodated in the radial opening of the cavity.

[0013] The products continue thus to the outlet position 31.

[0014] As may be seen in FIG 6 the cavities 23 are open below and falling of the product is prevented by a fixed surface 34 below. The surface is missing in a section 35 of the conveyor path and in this section (as shown in FIG 7 and quite visible also in FIG 4) outside the disk are a pair of superimposed guides 36, 37 between which is inserted the stick projecting from the cavity. For the entire last section of travel the lollipop is therefore supported in the cavity thanks only to the stick. In this manner a lollipop without a stick falls from the disk into a collection container below to free the corresponding cavity. A sensor 38 detects passage of an empty cavity and commands the motor rotating the external disk to accelerate and recover the empty position when the cavity passes from the dump position 31. In other words, the disk temporarily increases speed and then slows again so that the next full cavity dumps the product at the outlet instead of the empty cavity. The products are thus always equally spaced on the outlet conveyor 11.

[0015] As may be seen in FIG 4, for dumping the product the lower guide 37 terminates when it arrives over the conveyor so that the product with the stick no longer supported falls onto the conveyor 11 below. The conveyor comprises advantageously pushers 40 (synchronized with the cavities) which project above to push the lollipop from behind the drop. This was found advantageous because the pushing from behind tends to cause rolling of the drop and pushing of the stick downward. In addition, it is possible for example to insert under the lollipop a packaging cardboard, a label sheet or a prize picture-card without interfering with the feeding process.

[0016] It is now clear that the predetermined purposes have been achieved by making available a machine ensuring correct and rapid sequential feeding of lollipops with elimination of defective products and holding of the product outlet frequency at a constant value predetermined and very high, even 400 packages per minute.

[0017] Naturally the above description of an embodiment applying the innovative principles of the present invention is given by way of non-limiting example of said principles within the scope of the exclusive right claimed here.

[0018] For example the packaging machine could be a different type from the one shown diagrammatically.

Claims

1. Machine for feeding in an orderly row products consisting of drop lollipops to a packaging machine comprising a hopper dumping the products onto a rotating disk having radially arranged cavities spaced for each to receive the drop of a lollipop and

with radial opening to receive and cause to project outward the sticks of the lollipops in the cavities with there being between zones of insertion of the products into the cavities and an outlet zone on the outside of the disk guides for running support of the products by means of the stick and the cavities being open below so that the products without sticks fall from the respective cavity to free it and are rejected before reaching the outlet zone.

2. Machine in accordance with claim 1 **characterized in that** before the outlet zone there is a sensor which detects the lack of product in a cavity and commands rotation of the disk to recover the empty position and hold product outlet frequency constant.

3. Machine in accordance with claim 1 **characterized in that** in the outlet zone the guides free the sticks and the products fall in an orderly manner and sequentially onto a conveyor which abandons the disk radially to carry the products to the packaging machine.

4. Machine in accordance with claim 3 **characterized in that** the conveyor has spaced pushers designed to rest from behind against the drop of a lollipop deposited on the conveyor with the stick forward.

5. Machine in accordance with claim 1 **characterized in that** the rotating disk projects radially from a tapered disk arranged above it and rotating in the opposite direction.

6. Machine in accordance with claim 1 **characterized in that** the hopper dumps on the disk with interposition of a vibrating table realized with parallel and spaced members arranged parallel to the direction of conveyance of the products on the table and with distance greater than the thickness of the stick but less than the diameter of the drop in such a manner that sticks without a drop fall through the vibrating table and are rejected.

7. Machine in accordance with claim 1 **characterized in that** the products are dumped on the disk in two different zones spaced from each other.

8. Machine in accordance with claim 7 **characterized in that** in the two zones there are sensors which detect the presence of product and the machine comprises means of adjustment of the quantity of product fed into said zones to hold said quantity above a predetermined minimum.

9. Machine in accordance with claim 8 **characterized in that** the products reach the first zone by means of a conveyor which ends near said first zone and reach the second zone by means of a side opening

in said conveyor and the adjustment means comprise an increase in the vibration of the hopper so that a greater number of products reaches the end of the conveyor and an air blowing device which diverts the product onto the conveyor to make it fall from said side opening. 5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

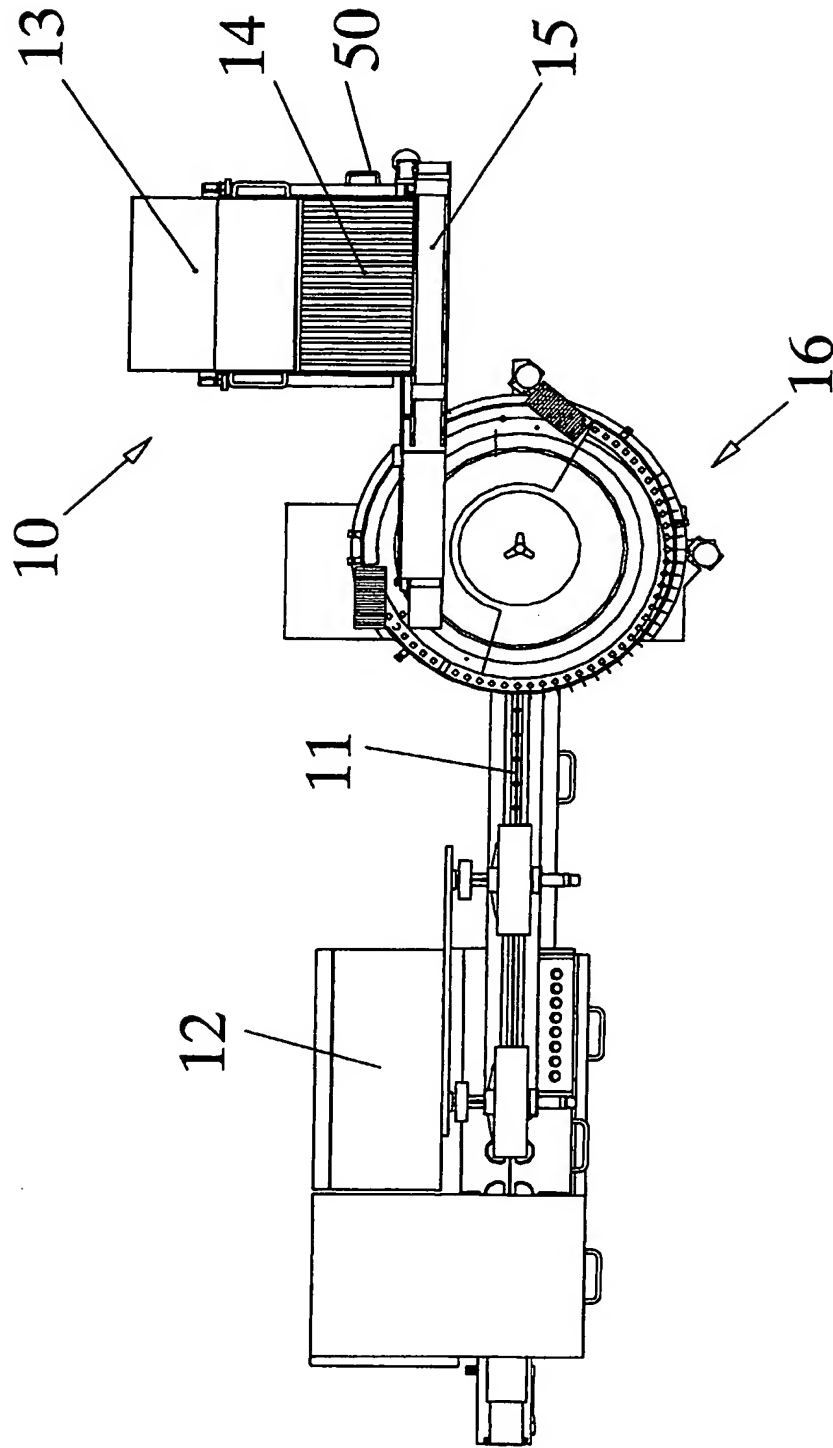


Fig.1

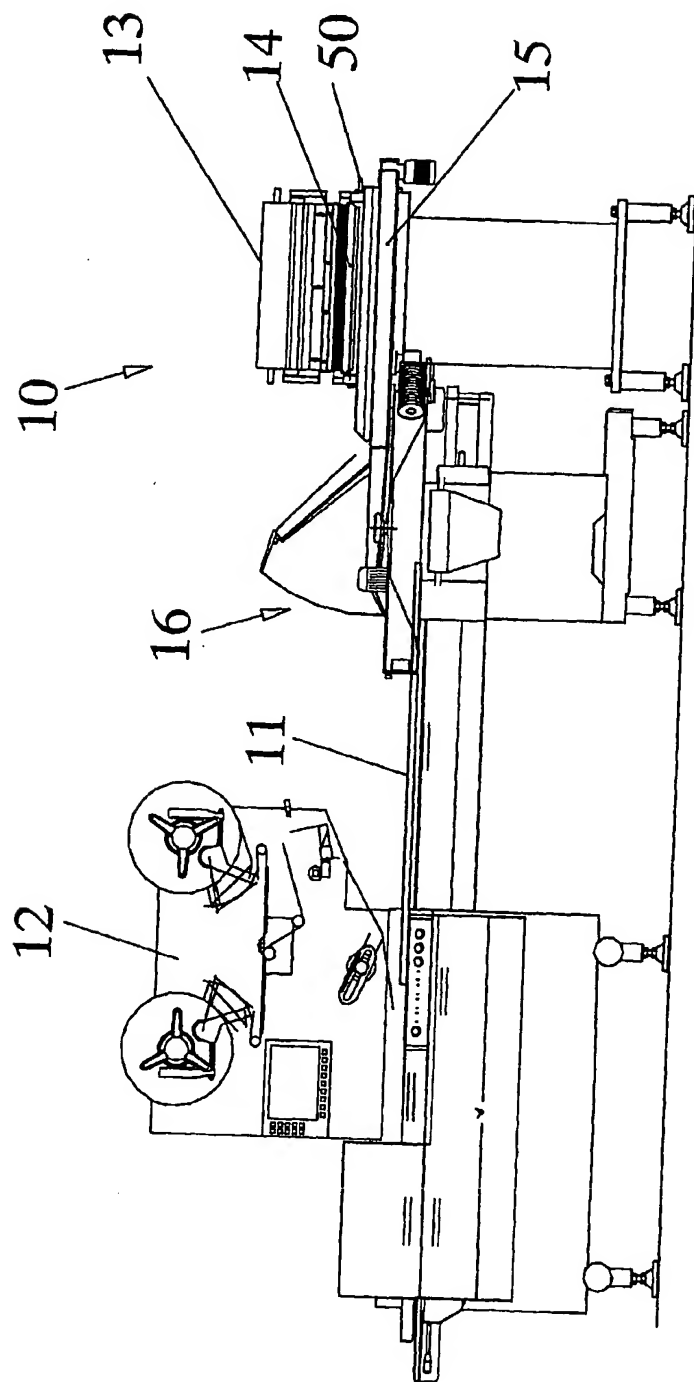


Fig.2

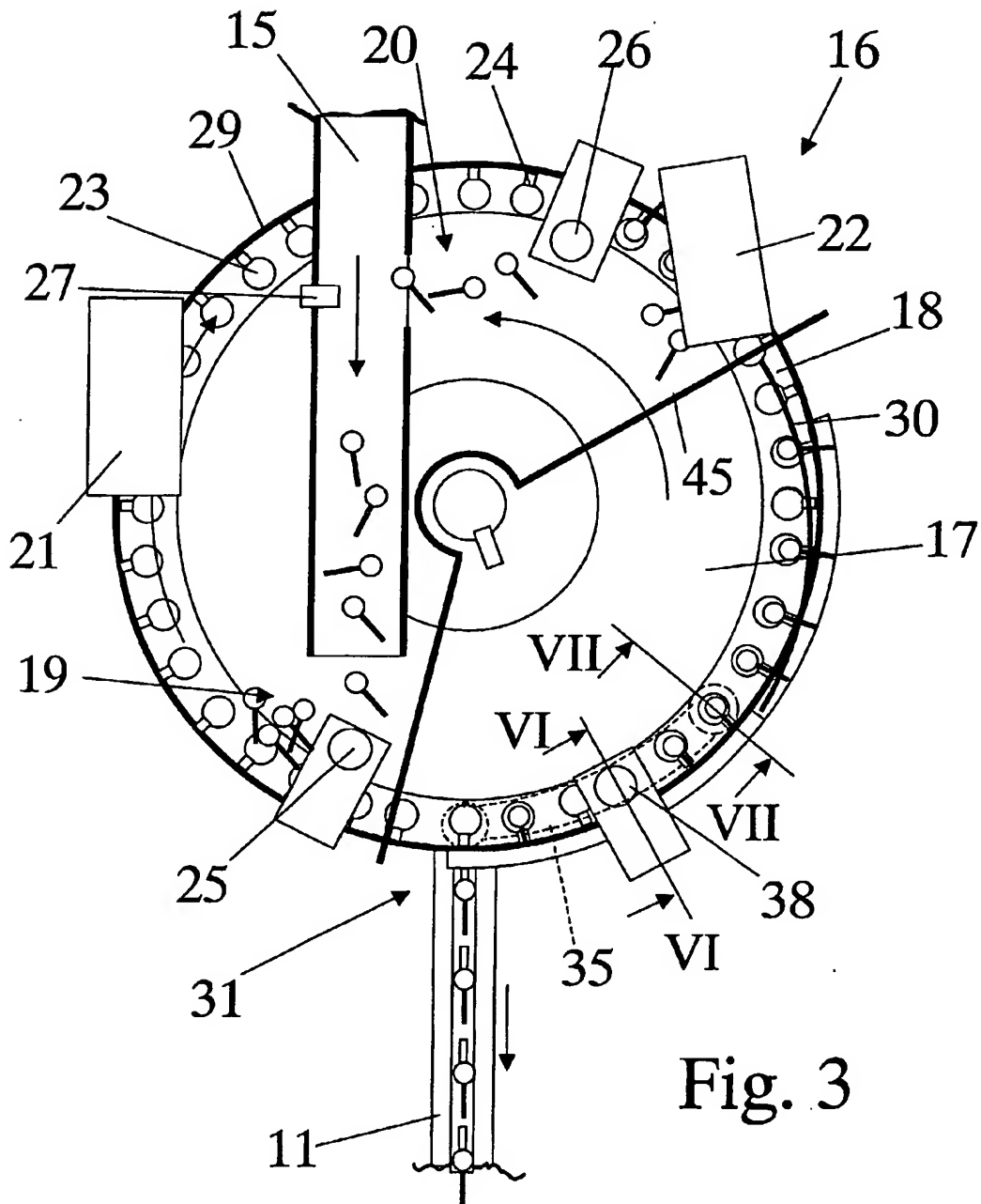
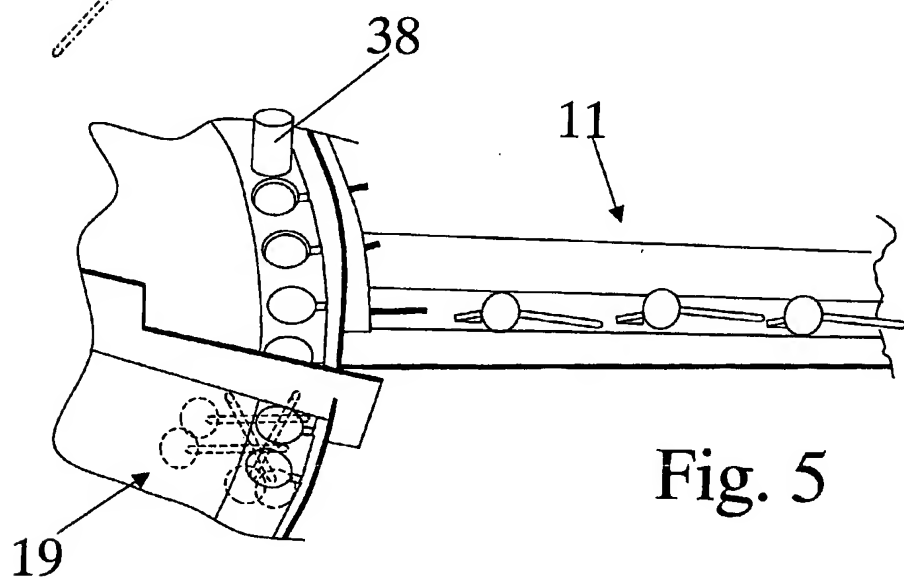
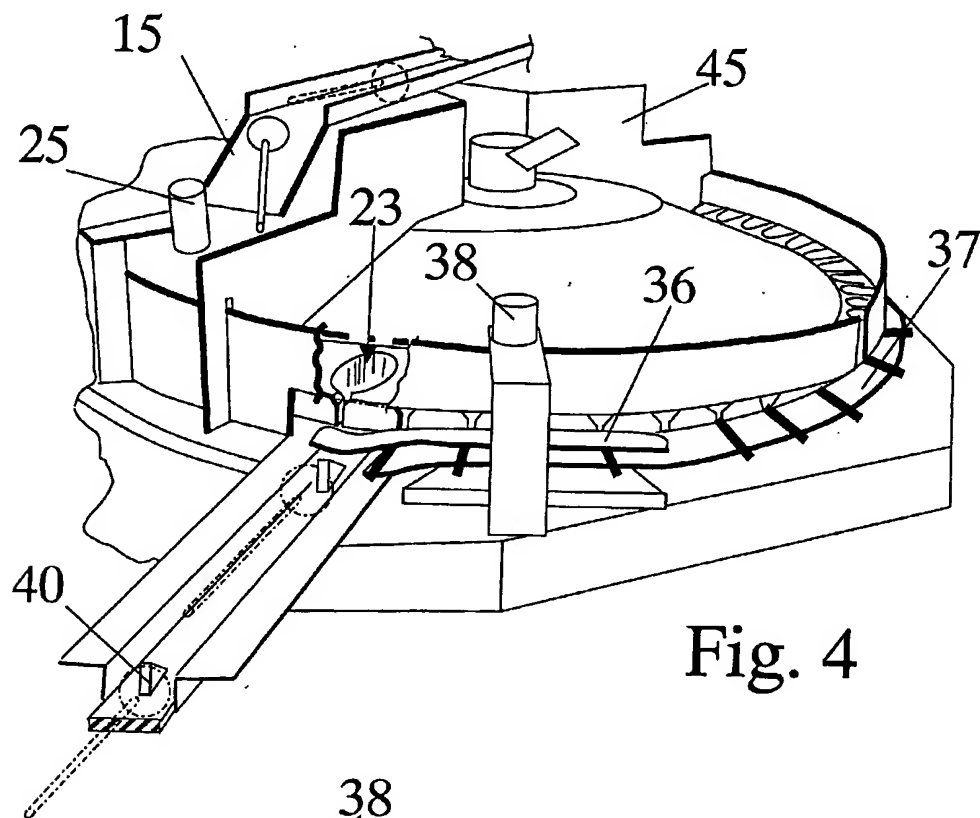
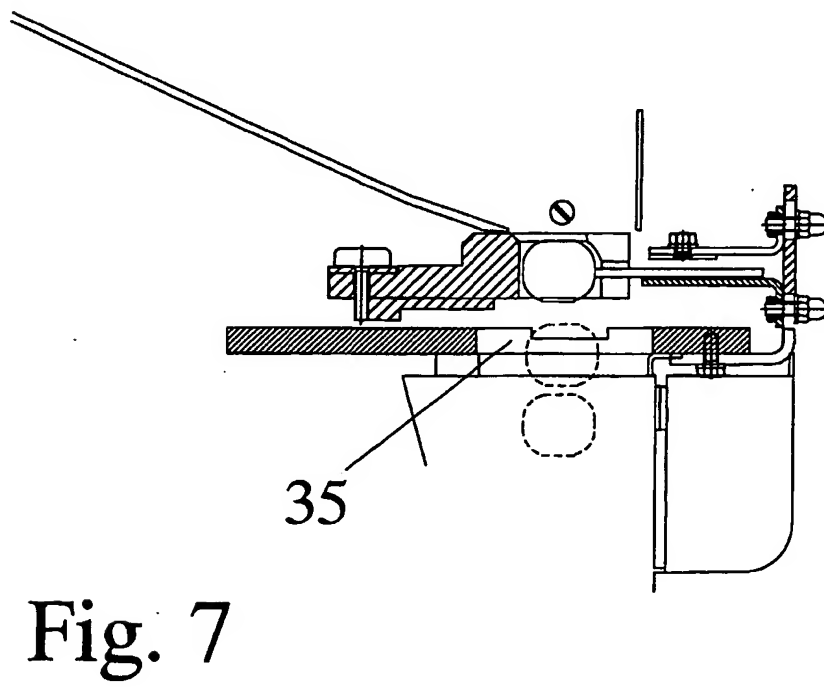
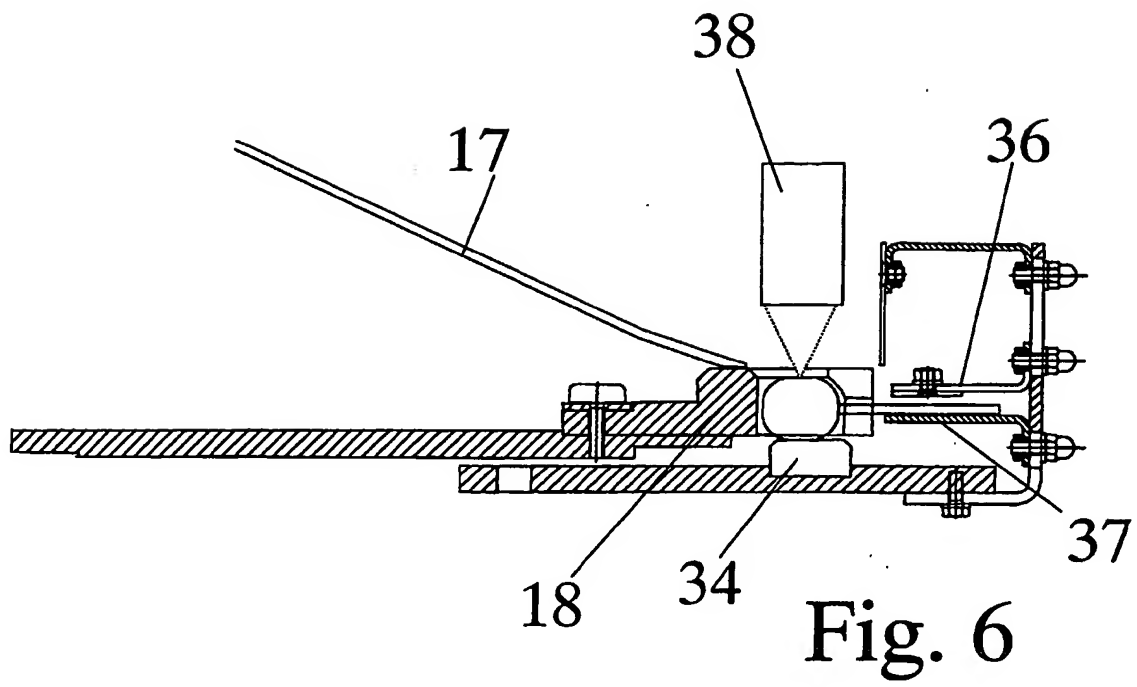


Fig. 3







European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 02 01 6192

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
A	US 5 450 706 A (LATINI LEO) 19 September 1995 (1995-09-19) * column 4, line 1 - line 30 * * column 5, line 1 - line 17 * * column 13, line 18 - line 68; figures 1-3 *	1-9	365647/14
A	EP 0 036 282 A (WRIGLEY W M JUN CO) 23 September 1981 (1981-09-23) * page 7, line 1 - line 22 * * page 12, line 24 - page 13, line 4 * * page 17, line 1 - page 18, line 16; figures 1,10,13 *	1-9	
A	EP 1 041 005 A (CARUGIL S L) 4 October 2000 (2000-10-04) * figure 1 *	1	
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7) 365G 365B
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 27 November 2002	Examiner Vigilante, M
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons d : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

EP 02 01 6192 (P4001)

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 02 01 6192

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

27-11-2002

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
US 5450706	A	19-09-1995	NONE		
EP 0036282	A	23-09-1981	EP	0036282 A1	23-09-1981
EP 1041005	A	04-10-2000	WO	0021835 A1	20-04-2000
			AI	9442598 A	01-05-2000
			EP	1041005 A1	04-10-2000

PRO FORM 5/49

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

**This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning
Operations and is not part of the Official Record**

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

- ☐ BLACK BORDERS
- ☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- ☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
- ☒ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
- ☐ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- ☐ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
- ☐ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
- ☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
- ☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
- ☐ OTHER: _____

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)